AKT1 Rabbit pAb

Catalog NO.: A11016 **129 Publications**

Basic Information

Observed MW
60 kDa

Calculated MW
56 kDa

Category
Polyclonal Antibodies

Applications
WB, IF/ICC, IHC-P, ELISA

Cross-Reactivity
Human, Mouse, Rat

Conjugation
Unconjugated

Background

This gene encodes one of the three members of the human AKT serine-threonine protein kinase family which are often referred to as protein kinase B alpha, beta, and gamma. These highly similar AKT proteins all have an N-terminal pleckstrin homology domain, a serine/threonine-specific kinase domain and a C-terminal regulatory domain. These proteins are phosphorylated by phosphoinositide 3-kinase (PI3K). AKT/PI3K forms a key component of many signalling pathways that involve the binding of membrane-bound ligands such as receptor tyrosine kinases, G-protein coupled receptors, and integrin-linked kinase. These AKT proteins therefore regulate a wide variety of cellular functions including cell proliferation, survival, metabolism, and angiogenesis in both normal and malignant cells. AKT proteins are recruited to the cell membrane by phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate (PIP3) after phosphorylation of phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate (PIP2) by PI3K. Subsequent phosphorylation of both threonine residue 308 and serine residue 473 is required for full activation of the AKT1 protein encoded by this gene. Phosphorylation of additional residues also occurs, for example, in response to insulin growth factor-1 and epidermal growth factor. Protein phosphatases act as negative regulators of AKT proteins by dephosphorylating AKT or PIP3. The PI3K/AKT signalling pathway is crucial for tumor cell survival. Survival factors can suppress apoptosis in a transcription-independent manner by activating AKT1 which then phosphorylates and inactivates components of the apoptotic machinery. AKT proteins also participate in the mammalian target of rapamycin (mTOR) signalling pathway which controls the assembly of the eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4F (eIF4E) complex and this pathway, in addition to responding to extracellular signals from growth factors and cytokines, is disregulated in many cancers. Mutations in this gene are associated with multiple types of cancer and excessive tissue growth including Proteus syndrome and Cowden syndrome 6, and breast, colorectal, and ovarian cancers. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene.

Recommended Dilutions

WB	1:500 - 1:2000
IF/ICC	1:50 - 1:100
IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200

ELISA
Recommended starting concentration is 1 μg/mL. Please optimize the concentration based on your specific assay requirements.

Immunogen Information

Gene ID
207

Swiss Prot
P31749

Immunogen
Synthetic peptide. This information is considered to be commercially sensitive.

Synonyms
AKT; PKB; RAC; PRKBA; PKB-ALPHA; RAC-ALPHA; AKT1

Contact

Product Information

order@abclonal.com
service@abclonal.com
www.abclonal.com

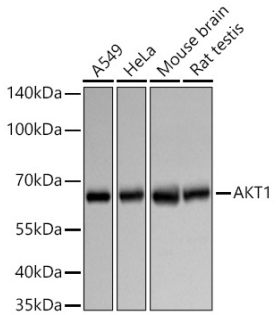
Source
Rabbit

Isotype
IgG

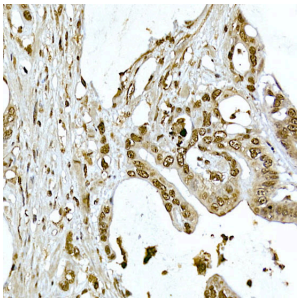
Purification
Affinity purification

Storage
Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
Buffer: PBS, pH 7.3, containing 50% glycerol. Preserved with Proclin300 or sodium azide. May contain 0.05% BSA as specified on the Certificate of Analysis.

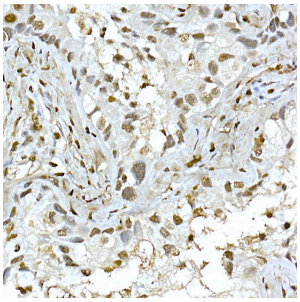
Validation Data



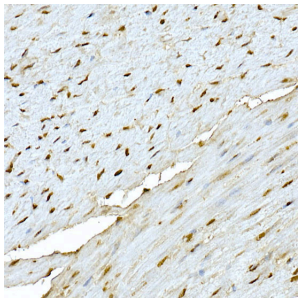
Western blot analysis of various lysates using AKT1 Rabbit pAb (A11016) at 1:1000 dilution incubated overnight at 4°C.
Secondary antibody: HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS014) at 1:10000 dilution.
Lysates/proteins: 25 µg per lane.
Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.
Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020).
Exposure time: 30s.



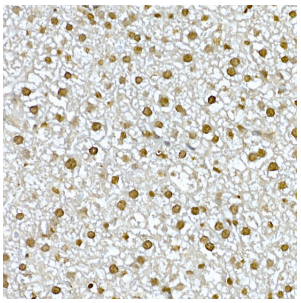
Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Human colon carcinoma using AKT1 Rabbit pAb (A11016) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval performed with 0.01M Citrate buffer (pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.

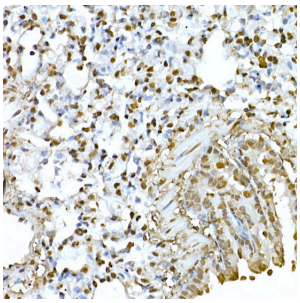


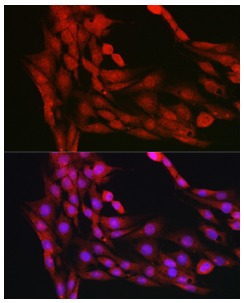
Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Human lung cancer using AKT1 Rabbit pAb (A11016) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval performed with 0.01M Citrate buffer (pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse heart using AKT1 Rabbit pAb (A11016) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval performed with 0.01M Citrate buffer (pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.







Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse liver using AKT1 Rabbit pAb (A11016) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval performed with 0.01M Citrate buffer (pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.

Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat lung using AKT1 Rabbit pAb (A11016) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). High pressure antigen retrieval performed with 0.01M Citrate buffer (pH 6.0) prior to IHC staining.

Immunofluorescence analysis of PC-12 cells using AKT1 Rabbit pAb (A11016) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Secondary antibody: Cy3-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (AS007) at 1:500 dilution. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.